

## Teaching Fellowship Application Department of English

Teaching Fellowships in the Department of English are awarded on a competitive basis and are designed to allow graduate students to gain a variety of teaching experience that will increase their marketability while providing some financial support and fringe benefits. With the schedule permitting, Teaching Fellows may elect to teach one or two courses per semester. The current salary per course for MA candidates is \$2614 and \$2,870 for Ph.D. candidates, and both rates increase about \$100 per course after the first year. Renewal for the following semester is normal, provided the TF makes satisfactory progress toward the degree and carries out instructional duties with care, diligence, and proficiency. In addition to their salary, Teaching Fellows who teach two courses are entitled to full UNT Benefits (medical, dental, disability and life), in-state tuition rates, and a tuition reimbursement of \$50 per credit hour each term. Teaching Fellows who teach one class are eligible only for tuition reimbursement.

In order to be eligible to work as a teaching fellow, you must meet the following minimum requirements:

- must have completed 18 hours of graduate level coursework in English
- must have scored at or above the 70<sup>th</sup> percentile on the verbal portion of the GRE
- must be enrolled full-time (9 hours per semester) as a graduate student in the Department of English.

Your completed application must include the following items:

- \_\_\_ Completed application form (see the following pages)
- \_\_\_ Three letters of recommendation
- \_\_\_ One sample of scholarly writing

Return to: Graduate English Office (Auditorium Building 116)  
Department of English  
P.O. Box 311307  
Denton, TX 76203-1307

Deadline: Applications must be received in the Graduate English Office by 5 p.m. on  
**Wednesday, 20 February 2008.**

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## Teaching Fellow Application

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Date submitted:

Student ID #:

Name:

Address:

Telephone:

E-mail:

UNT degree program: \_\_ M.A. (major in \_\_\_\_\_)      \_\_ Ph.D. (major in \_\_\_\_\_)

Support requested:    \_\_ 1 class      \_\_ 2 classes

GRE verbal score:      numerical \_\_\_\_\_ percentile \_\_\_\_\_

Overall GPA for all graduate coursework: \_\_\_\_

Institution:

Degree Program and Major:

Date degree awarded / expected:

Graduate Coursework in English (18 hours are required; if you have taken more than 18 hours, list your last 18 hours).

Institution/Semester/Year	Course (name not number)	Credit Hours	Grade
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
		GPA for 18 hours =	

Please type your answers to the following questions.

1. What teaching experience have you had, if any? Include specific details of the kinds of teaching you have done.
2. What are the most essential characteristics of an effective writing teacher?
3. What are your potential strengths as a teacher?

Please circle your answers to the following questions. You may not use outside help for this quiz.

1. Knowing nothing, of the terms of the contract, Petersen hesitated; nevertheless, driven by anxiety, he signed it.
  - a. The comma after “nothing” should be omitted.
  - b. The commas after “nothing” and “Contract” should be omitted.
  - c. The semicolon after “hesitated” should be replaced with a comma.
  - d. The semicolon after “hesitated” should be omitted.
  - e. The sentence is correct as written.
  
2. Anita listened to the poems that Ms. Garcia read to the class with her eyes shut.
  - a. “With her eyes shut” should be placed before “Anita.”
  - b. “With her eyes shut” should be placed after “poems.”
  - c. “With her eyes shut” should be placed after “that.”
  - d. “With her eyes shut” should be placed after “read.”
  - e. The sentence is correct as written.
  
3. Only one of the elevators go to the top floor of the office building.
  - a. “Only” should be placed after “elevators.”
  - b. “Elevators” should be replaced with “elevator’s.”
  - c. “Go” should be replaced with “goes.”
  - d. “Up” should be added after “go.”
  - e. The sentence is correct as written.
  
4. Of all of the members in the club, Ernie and her sold most of the tickets to the benefit dance.
  - a. The commas after “club” should be replaced with a semicolon.
  - b. “Her” should be replaced with “she.”
  - c. “Tickets” should be replaced with “ticket’s.”
  - d. There should be a hyphen between “benefit” and “dance.”
  - e. The sentence is correct as written.
  
5. To recruit athletes for the new women’s tennis team Coach Daniels became a promoter, visiting tennis clubs and speaking to groups around the state.
  - a. There should be a comma after “new.”
  - b. There should be a comma after “team.”
  - c. The comma after “promoter” should be replaced with a semicolon.
  - d. There should be a comma after “clubs.”
  - e. The sentence is correct as written.
  
6. Being a light sleeper, the noise awoke my dad.
  - a. “Being” should be replaced with “having been.”
  - b. The comma after “sleeper” should be omitted.
  - c. “Awoke” should be replaced with “awakened.”
  - d. “The noise awoke my dad” should be replaced with “my dad was awakened by the noise.”
  - e. The sentence is correct as written.

7. There are two philosophies of government; government from the top down and government from the bottom up.
  - a. The semicolon after “government” should be replaced with a comma.
  - b. The semicolon after “government” should be replaced with a colon.
  - c. There should be a comma after “down.”
  - d. There should be a semicolon after “down.”
  - e. The sentence is correct as written.
  
8. The persons living on the island have few conveniences; however they seem to be happy.
  - a. There should be commas after “persons” and “islands.”
  - b. The semicolon after “conveniences” should be omitted.
  - c. The semicolon after “conveniences” should be replaced with a comma.
  - d. There should be a comma after “however.”
  - e. The sentence is correct as written.
  
9. He wasn’t much help on the farm that year, he was always off chasing butterflies and looking for bird’s nests.
  - a. There should be a comma after “farm.”
  - b. The after “year” should be replaced with a semicolon.
  - c. There should be a comma after butterflies.
  - d. The apostrophe in “birds” should be omitted.
  - e. The sentence is correct as written.
  
10. To take care of camping tents is cheaper than repairing them.
  - a. “To take” should be replaced with “taking.”
  - b. There should be a comma after “tents.”
  - c. “Is” should be replaced with “are.”
  - d. There should be a comma after “cheaper.”
  - e. The sentence is correct as written.

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Signature

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Date

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